Real-time advice for your hobbies.

A CASE STUDY

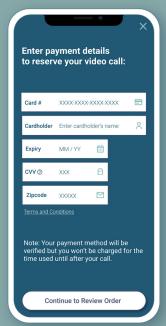












Overview

Role: UX Designer and Researcher Client: CareerFoundry Duration: 6 months

Searching for advice is frustrating and time-consuming but we all need help sometimes and how-to videos don't always cut it. With people practicing hobbies at home now more than ever, they need an intuitive way to connect with an expert to get informed and troubleshoot their projects.

Dabblr is a responsive web app connecting hobbyists with seasoned pros to get advice in an accessible on-demand format. I envisioned Dabblr as a way for DIY enthusiasts to bridge the knowledge gap between their personal skills and project aspirations to finish more projects with confidence.

This was a student project with a few goals in mind:

- demonstrate my abilities in UX research methodologies
- gain familiarity with mobile-first responsive design
- build and iterate towards a high-fidelity prototype.

process

Discover

- problem statments
- competitor analysis
- business requirements
- user research

Define

- persona development
- hypotheses
- user stories
- mental model
- journey mapping
- user flows
- card sort
- sitemap

Ideate

- sketching
- low- to high-fidelity prototypes
- user testing
- UI/visual design

Document

- design system
- asset export for handoff

discover

Competitive Analysis

I created a series of SWOT and UX Analyses to understand the problem I was tackling, consider some solutions proposed by existing apps, and spot opportunities to carve out a unique audience niche.

At this stage I was most interested in learning:

- · how advice is found (search vs. Al concierge);
- how advice is paid for (subscriptions vs. transactional):
- how advice is delivered (text vs. video):
- · and, of course, how experiences look and feel to use.

I was also curious where else I could look for patterns to inspire me (ex. social media, vacation rentals, ride-share matching, etc).



COMPETITIVE ANALYSIS: SWOT OPPORTUNITIES STRENGTHS simple value proposition MUCH faster response times (waited hours...response finally came next reasonably fast to get started / signed up morning - consumer affairs claims 6 minutes) low cost entry point / low commitment peo-located matching options (to convert online users into clients IRL) · diverse experts /topics (something for everyone, something for broader marketing strategy video-first options Al concierge helps match you to the right expert and collect more personality (current brand is very "generic corporate") basic preliminary info about your problem niche focusing (seems to be lots of spaces between "all advice to all verified experts . satisfaction guarantee ensures high quality people" and "only advice for business or health or legal fetc") teaser content (expose people to experts and content without an account to be able to preview power of the site) WEAKNESSES THREATS - lack of focus might make it harder to recruit particular types niche advice sites (particularly for telehealth, therapy, legal advice, business of experts who would prefer to be grouped with peers / within industry-specific product (ex. mental health) freelancing sites (experts could choose to focus here instead to find clients) All concierpe is not particularly sophisticated leasily tripped up, sent major search engines and social forums (voutube reddit google facebook me to a lawyer in error first, and makes for very impersonal first groups) where most people currently default to looking for help and advice using problem-specific keywords and questions

· non-transparent: cannot browse app content functionality or fees

without an account
- cancellation is difficult and time-consuming

Takeaways

- Promised advice in minutes but waited for hours
 I wondered how to set clearer timing expectations for users
 (ex. advance scheduling and "online now" features).
- Credit card to get past the homepage and dark patterned "free trials"
 I became committed to the idea of making my product more accessible and delaying account creation as long as possible.
- Text and voice still the prevailing advice formats
 I recognized an opportunity to use video calls to solve problems in real-time.
- Generic interfaces catering mainly to business, law and medical niches
 There wasn't a strong competitor in the Hobby/DIY space and a more visual interface would be attractive to a creative crowd.



User Research

Upfront I had to make a decision about which user to design for first: the advice-seeker vs. the expert (I opted for the former).

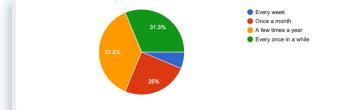
I decided to use a combination of user surveys and interviews to balance the breadth and depth of responses. Before writing my script, I developed some goals to help guide my line inquiry.

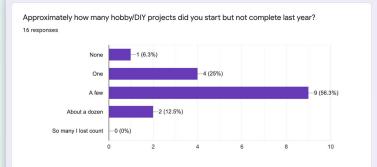
- 1. Observe user behaviour specific to troubleshooting craft and DIY projects.
- 2. Determine the tasks users would like to complete using an advice app.
- 3. Document pain-points with existing apps on the market.
- 4. Understand the context the advice app would be used.

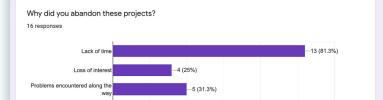
Surveys

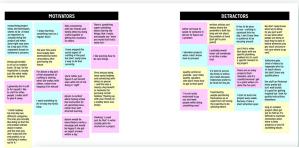
By delivering my survey in advance I had the chance to finesse my interview script to garner more valuable insights.

Notably, among my 16 respondents, only half could envision themselves using an advice service for their hobbies. During my interviews, I then sought to understand sources of friction preventing users from seeking advice and what features would make the product most compelling to try.











User Interviews

I conducted three interviews with prolific hobbyists with different skill levels and areas of interest.

I then distilled each interview into key quotes, behaviors, needs/ goals, and pain points then used **affinity mapping** to distill the results into themes I could design around.

Key Insights

- introversion vs. extroversion: shyness proved to be a major detractor for seeking advice, aim to offer multiple communication methods to meet user preference.
- **connect browsing and searching:** users moved fluidly between broad browsing and detailed search parameters when planning and executing projects.
- allow for varying urgency: home improvement projects, in particular, presented immediate needs, possible "online now" feature.
- prioritize peer review mechanisms: the comments section was called out repeatedly
 as the place to go to determine the value and trustworthiness of a source or tutorial.
- **research can spark joy:** beyond a means to an end, the research part of a project can be a big part of the enjoyment and visual aids are key.

define

USER PERSONA #2



Max, The Seasoned Crafter

41 years old American Ilving in Seattle, WA married with young kids full-time college professor very busy

advanced multi-media

crafter

Introvert

There's something super satisfying about sharing the things that I make, and having people exclaim, "wow you made that?!"

I hate talking on the phone and avoid it at all costs, I prefer to figure stuff out myself even if it means I may not be doing it "the right way."

GOALS / NEEDS

- research techniques in text-based tutorials and how-to videos
- reference finished products by other users to get inspired for their next project

BEHAVIOURS

- spends as much time collecting ideas as completing projects
- · starts many projects, finishes some
- · has a lot of general knowedge from wide range

USER PERSONA #1



Dom,
The DIV Newbie

- 33 years old
- Canadian
- Ilving In Montreal, QC
 Marketing
- Professional • married
- works full-time
- beginner level DIV
- home improvements
 enjoys the social aspects of hobbying
- an extrovert

I think hobbies fall into two categories: The ones you actually like doing, and the ones you don't enjoy but the end product is so satisfying it makes up for it.

As a first time home owner, this is all new to me. I just want someone to look at what I'm doing and be able to answer my specific questions.

COALS / NEEDS

- browse through how-tos and experts visually because they lack more specialized jargon to help with their searches
- talk to an expert online immediately if, for example, they just sprung a leak in their new bathtub insallation projects and need a fix right now!
- to set their language preferences because they an English-speaker in a French community so getting advice in their native language can be tricky

FRUSTRATION

- People presenting themselves as experts on YouTube without the necessary qualifications
- Paying for something you could have done better yourself
- · Poor quality video; presenters who don't cut to the case

....

- calls their dad when they get stuck on a project
- typically has a couple big projects on the go at a time since they frequently get stuck in the middle of a complex problem
- only works on their projects on the weekend so they can dedicate their full attention to the task
- works on their projects at home so uses a combination of desktop and mobile tools

REFERENCES

- Be able to relish in the long-term enjoyment of their effort and projects by investing time in improving their home
- Save money by doing the work themself
- To speak to an expert face-to-face ASAP so they can get help with their specific problem and avoid getting stuck

Personas

Based on the results of my user interviews, I developed two personas to guide explorations of tasks from different perspectives. Despite having identified video calls as a key differentiator and income driver of the app, having both introverted and extroverted personas helped me keep their differing needs in mind while designing.

User Journey

With the context and motivation of these personas in mind, I crafted a series of touchstones to refer back to throughout the design process:

- **journey maps** to visualize the steps to accomplishing goals and how to simplify them;
- a mental model to explore the impacts of the user's perception on the process;
- user stories to keep me goal-focused during ideation.

The user journeys were particularly helpful in identifying breaking points in my user's path to accomplishing their project goals and brainstorming features that could simplify access to the right advice at these critical moments.

Find a plumbing expert available now

- · Input project details
- Set parameters (timing/expertise)
- · Perform search

Ahhhhhhhhhh!
I really need to talk to someone who knows
what they're doing!

Dom is freaking out.
They've already invested a bunch in the project and now they've got water leaking everywhere threatening to ruin the work that was already done.

Check expert's qualifications and request a consult

- Review expertise / ratings
- Select an expert
- Request a consult with expert

I can't find a YouTube video that deals with my problem b/c it's specific to my house and now it's too urgent to be searching around.

Dom is starting to relax now that they've been connected to an expert. Help is on the way!

Have a video call with an expert

- Answer videocall from expert
- Show&tell with expert
- Rate and review expert (+call quality)

There are times where I wish I could ask someone, but I don't have the appropriate resources or an answer that I trust.

Dom is relieved and refocused on completing their project.

- Keywords or sub categories for expertise to assist in search
- Message feature to input project details before expert accepts call
- View what experts are online now vs. schedule for future

- Search results combine both photo and keywords about expertise for quick scanning
- A wait-time estimate/countdown before expert is able to start call
- Show "how-to" videochatting tips while user waits for call

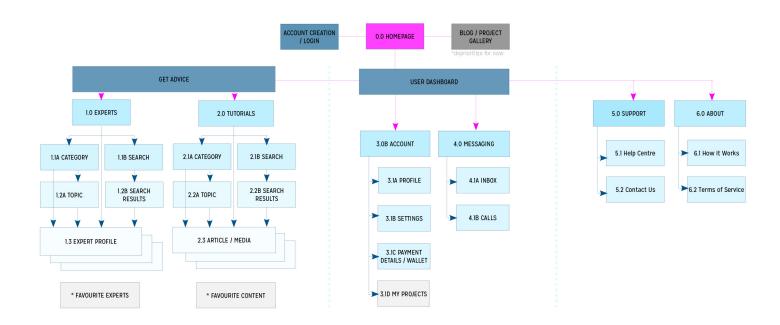
- Native video chat vs. sync to third party services
- Add a rating/review for the expert after call
- Add experts to contacts list that can be added to and customized

Card Sorting

To create a sitemap, I used a variety of techniques to visualize how features would be ordered and grouped to create an intuitive interface:

- task analysis to match user actions to features I need to create
- user flows which outlined all the steps to accomplishing key tasks
- card sorting to understand my users' mental models

By executing a card sort with 8 participants, I realized there was a major disconnect between my users' mental model and the emerging information architecture of my site. I revised my sitemap to bring Experts and Tutorial content together to support my users' desire to compare and move fluidly between these two advice formats.

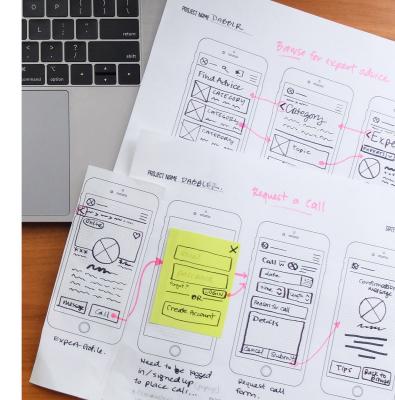


Rapid Prototyping

Sketching screens first with pen and paper helps me:

- brainstorm and experiment with features quickly
- think differently by shifting to a more tactile medium off-screen
- keep track of early ideas (no delete button on paper)
- gets me into a playful mindset where I'm most creative

Working off my initial drawings, I then create digital wireframes in Figma, progressing from low- to high-fidelity. These rough-and-ready prototypes are essential to verify good ideas as well as eliminate bad ones, and move on to testing with users efficiently.



iterate

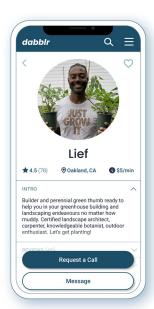
User Testing

It was time to reconnect with potential users to test my mid-fidelity prototype. I recruited five participants from my core demographic of active millennial hobbyists with one edge case to diversify perspectives (higher age bracket + lower tech savvy).

My goal at this phase was to observe whether users understood the project, its value, and how to complete basic functions such as searching/browsing for advice, setting up a call with an expert, and creating an account.

Analyzing the results, I identified areas of friction to revise.





Usability Error #1

What happens next?

Suggested Change: Edit button text to be more descriptive

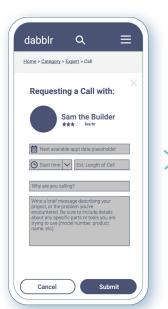
Users may be more prone to bail out if they are unsure what they are committing to in each step. **Preference testing** this edit revealed "Request a Call" verbiage helped put users at ease that there would be another step before talking to a stranger.

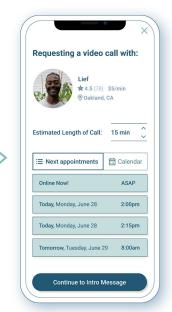
Usability Error #2

When do I create an account?

Suggested Change: Clearer confirmation page, insert additional screen(s) to divide up user decisions and lower mental load

Testers were intrigued by the "check out as guest" experience but because it wasn't what they expected it also seemed to cause some anxiety that they had missed something.









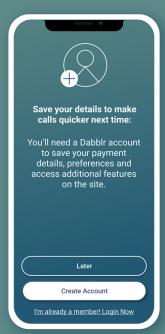
Refining the UI

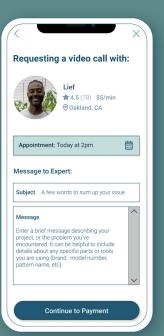
Following user testing, further refinements were driven by other forms of evaluation to ensure my decision-making remained inline with my users' needs:

- accessibility tests revealed areas where contrast was insufficient to meet AAA standards
- peer review feedback led to addition field titles and empty state to meet forms best practices

I also worked to refine the visual design referring to both Human Interface Guidelines and Material Design to strike a balance of compatibility across platforms. Using Gestalt principles and grids I developed components and frameworks designed to scale using progressive enhancement.









document

Design System

Teal is the design system I created to document and explain Dabblr's visual identity. Part of the goal was to create a library of guides and components to allow other designers to reuse assets and help engineers build in a consistent way. The system covers everything from color and typography, to accessibility and tone of voice.

I prototyped Teal as a web-app to emulate a living resource better suited to scaling with a team than a static document.

Color

Teal is dabblr's core brand color (and a type of dabbling duck). Serene and reliable, the core blue-greens are complimented by a palyty ellow accent limited to alerts and illustrations. Earthy tones round out the set for functional and background elements, as a warmer alternative to blacks, greys, and pure whites while offering a near-monochromatic experience so that faces and artwork can remain the hero.



UI Elements & Style

UI components are minimalist in construction with subtle shadows to assist the user in identifying interactive elements. Forms are based on primary shapes and simple line work, with rounded corners and terminuses wherever possible to reinforce a friendly, simple visual character.



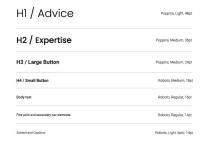
large button stack (vertical) organized either on the vertical or horizontal, it is possible to emphasize one option over the other(s) in a stack. The top button

Button

Typography

Poppins is an approachable yet trustworthy sans serif, its friendly rounded forms are given a more serious bent by the straight-edged terminuses. This is who to turn to with your best ideas but also trust with your toughest problems. It is used in the wordmark and for

Roboto is a hard worker and much like Poppins it has a dual nature. At once serious in its geometric forms, it also features friendly, open curves. Clean and legible, Roboto is used for body text and buttons to provide clarify and ease.



Iconography

Icons are linear and monochromatic. Icons appear in Deep Teal on light coloured backgrounds, or reversed white on teal. Unless indicated by the library, icons have only a single state. (example: the heart to favourite or save experts and content has an active and inactive state)



Grids/Layout

Screens layouts are built around a 12-column grid with 20px margin and 10px gutters for mobile and scaling to a maximum of 40px columns with 20px gutters for larger screens, with excess space being taken up by the margin to reduce breakpoints while maintaining consistency in design experience. A 10px overall grid keeps vertical spacing consistent. And individual components draw on the Golden Ratio for their design (see example: expert card).



Language

Dabbi is precise and knowledgeable. Attention to spelling, grammar and syntax is a given. Every effort is extended to write in clear, plain language to remain accessible, optimize for localization, and avoid jargon.

Dabblr is inclusive. Inclusive language and pronouns are standard in our written copy, and clear and present options in user/expert profiles. Dabblr will not tolerate discriminatory language or practices by its contributors or users.

Only our brand, dabblr, is consistently presented in lowercase. In all other functions, sentence case is standard.

Accessibility

Our users are diverse in age, ability and location. Designers must consider a wide frame of experience when building new products. Users may be deaf and hard of hearing, have motor or cognitive impairments, or use screen readers. At dabbir, we understand that making accessible design decisions actually means improving the experience for all users.

As a starting point, dabbir's colour scheme is simple yet high contrast to reduce visual noise while increasing visual clarity.

Retrospective

With a functioning high-fidelity prototype in place and supported by a design system guide future iteration and growth, Dabblr had reached an ending. But this would only be the beginning for bringing such a product to market.

Next steps for Dabbir? There are some obvious features that are missing from an MVP. I would follow the same iterative process to flesh out new features – like in-app videocalls and menus – going from low-fi drawings and to high-fidelity by getting feedback from users along the way with a combination of formal testing and informal peer reviews.

100s
Revisions

5User Tests

10
Iterations

100

Cups of Coffee